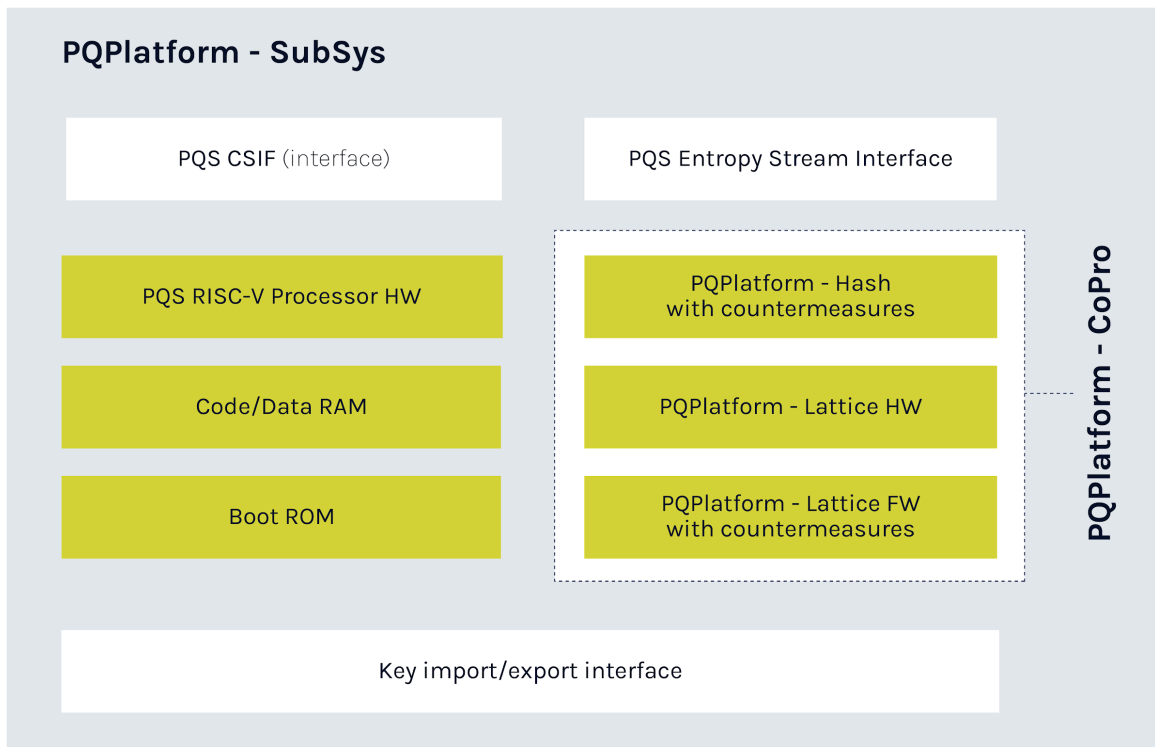


# PQPlatform-SubSys

## PQPlatform-SubSys: Post-Quantum Security Subsystem (PQP-HW-SUB)

PQPlatform-SubSys (PQP-HW-SUB) is a cryptographic subsystem, designed to provide cryptographic services. These services include post-quantum signature generation, verification, and secure key establishment. PQPlatform-SubSys uses its built-in CPU to run autonomously from the surrounding system, allowing cryptographic services to be offloaded efficiently from the system processor.

- Optional side-channel security (SCA) for post quantum cryptographic algorithms
- Hardware interfaces for secure key import/export
- PQShield’s supplied firmware, running inside PQPlatform-SubSys
- Firmware driver running on customer CPU (delivered as C source code)



## Key Features and Parameters: PQPlatform-Subsys

- Key Encapsulation
  - NIST FIPS 203 ML-KEM (512, 768, 1024) (Kyber)
  - NIST SP 800-56A
- Digital Signatures
  - NIST FIPS 204 ML-DSA (44,65,87) (Dilithium)
- HASH Algorithm support including
  - SHA-2 HW support
  - NIST FIPS 180-4
  - NIST FIPS-202 SHA3-256/384/512
  - NIST FIPS-202 SHAKE128 and SHAKE256
- Support for ECDH with ECDSA expected
- Key Management
  - Secure Key Import and Export
- Firmware Update
  - Support for Secure Firmware download to update functionality
- All cryptographic algorithms are timing side-channel resistant
- Optional non-invasive side-channel (power, EM) attack countermeasures for PQC (post-quantum cryptography) algorithms
- Ease of Integration : PQPlatform-SubSys uses industry-standard AXI interfaces allowing simple integration in typical systems

## Size Requirements

Config Information	IP Area
Typical configuration (GF12LP)	~320Kgte

## Performance Expectations

Algorithm	Security Level	Max Performance (cycles)
ML-KEM Key generation	ML-KEM-512	500K
ML-KEM Encapsulation	ML-KEM 512	700K
ML-KEM Decapsulation	ML-KEM 512	1M
ML-DSA Key generation	ML-DSA 44	1.2M
ML-DSA Signing	ML-DSA 44	5.25M
ML-DSA Verification	ML-DSA 44	270K

## IP Overview

This section gives an overview of the interfaces and integration requirements for PQPlatform-SubSys.

### PQS RISC-V Processor HW

The RISC-V CPU controls the operation of PQPlatform-SubSys.

### Entropy Stream Interface

The Entropy Stream Interface is the hardware interface through which entropy (random number generation) is delivered to the subsystem. This entropy is used in cryptographic operations, such as key generation.

### PQS Coprocessor

PQPlatform-CoPro is PQShield’s post-quantum cryptographic coprocessor. It is used within PQPlatform-SubSys to perform post-quantum cryptographic operations.

Working memory is accessed via the PQRAM AXI4-Lite memory interface.

### PQS Cryptographic Service Interface (CSIF)

The Cryptographic Service Interface (CSIF) is the interface used by the host system to control PQPlatform-SubSys and to request cryptographic services.

## PQPlatform-Subsys Memories

The Boot ROM contains the initial set of services, including standard firmware verification functions. PQPlatform-SubSys also contains private instruction and data RAM, which is used by the control CPU.

## PQShield Hardware IP

The following table shows how PQPlatform-SubSys compares to PQShield’s security suite.

Hardware IP	Description
<b>PQPlatform-SubSys / PQP-HW-SUB</b>	<b>Autonomous cryptographic subsystem performing PQC and classical cryptography.</b>
PQPlatform-Hash / PQP-HW-HBS	Keccak hardware accelerator.
PQPlatform-Lattice / PQP-HW-LAT	Lattice-based mathematical hardware accelerator.
PQPlatform-CoPro / PQP-HW-COP	Adds PQC to your subsystem. Requires integration with host CPU running PQShield firmware.
PQPerform-Lattice / PQF-HW-LAT	High-speed, high-throughput, autonomous lattice PQC cryptographic subsystem.